

# Death Record Confidence Scoring Tool User Guide

**April 2024** 



## **Overview**

The Death Record Confidence Scoring Tool (DRC Scoring Tool) is a product developed by the Office of Payment Integrity's (OPI) Do Not Pay (DNP) to help analytics customers prioritize their research efforts, improve their adjudication processes, and make informed decisions regarding payment eligibility. Using the DRC Scoring Tool, DNP can identify deceased individuals within a dataset more effectively to help customers understand which payments are most at risk of being issued to a deceased payee, and which of the records should be prioritized for their review.

The DRC Scoring Tool analyzes death data available to DNP (see the *Detailed Description* section for a list of current DNP data sources). DNP uses this analysis to determine the accuracy of the death information. The DRC Scoring Tool converts this information into a confidence score based on the likelihood the individual is truly deceased. DNP then uses the confidence score in combination with payment information within the customer's dataset to identify the records that have the greatest potential impact for at-risk dollars, helping customers focus their time on researching and adjudicating records that have the greatest value.

#### **Benefits of the DRC Scoring Tool:**

- Customers gain a better understanding of which individuals within their data are deceased based on a confidence score.
- Potentially improper payments to deceased individuals are uncovered and rank-ordered based on potential impact to the agency.
- Customers achieve additional assurance in their payment integrity.
- Customers benefit from less external research and increased efficiency in their adjudication processes.

#### **Features of the DRC Scoring Tool:**

The DRC Scoring Tool provides information to customers in a user-friendly file that helps them ingest, prioritize, and act on the insights provided. The file has the following key features:

- Payments and the death record matches are grouped together for each payee, rather than listed as individual line items and mixed in with matches against other payees;
- Interactivity to allow users to quickly navigate through the tool and extract information;
- Research priority of each payee based on the likelihood of death, strength of the match, and dollars at risk;
- Probability of death and the accuracy of the match (death and match confidence);
- Value of at-risk payments; and
- Date a second death source listed the individual as deceased.





## **Detailed Description**

The following walkthrough outlines in detail how the DRC Scoring Tool gathers, processes, and analyzes death data to produce a confidence score for each death record.

1. Death data are gathered from the following data sources:

Data Source	Owner	Description
American InfoSource (AIS) Commercial Death Master File - Full (DMF- Full)	AIS Social Security Administration (SSA)	Contains obituary and probate information on deceased individuals obtained from over 3,000 funeral homes, thousands of newspapers, and county-level probate records. Contains records of deaths reported to SSA. The deaths reported to SSA come from many sources, including family members, funeral homes, financial institutions, postal authorities, state information, and other federal agencies.
Department of Defense (DOD) Death Data – Public	DOD	Contains information on active-duty U.S. military and Reserves regarding confirmed or presumed deaths.
Department of State (DOS) Death Data – Public	DOS	Contains records of American Citizens who are deceased or presumed deceased while abroad, as reported by U.S. embassies or consulates upon its receipt of a foreign death certificate or finding of death by a local competent authority.
Payments, Claims, and Enhanced Reconciliations (PACER) Returns and Reclamations Data	Fiscal Service	Contains records of payments made on behalf of the federal government and information on any action taken after a payment has been disbursed; the DRC Scoring Tool uses records of payments that were returned to the agency or reclaimed by the agency due to a death.
Do Not Pay (DNP) Adjudication Data	Do Not Pay	Contains agency adjudication information provided through the DNP Portal; the DRC Scoring Tool uses records of payments that a user from an agency searched in the portal, that returned a match to one of the portal's death data sources (AIS, DMF, DOD, DOS), and that the user adjudicated as improper.
Electronic Verification of Vital Events Fact	The National Association for Public Health	EVVE FOD is a premier source of death certificates. EVVE FOD allows users to submit records to be matched against death records from state and jurisdiction owned vital record





of Death (EVVE	Statistics and	databases nationwide to inquire if a death certificate exists
FOD)	Information System	for those records.
	(NAPHSIS)	

- 2. Additional factors are used to further validate death and to inform the death record confidence scores for potentially deceased individuals.
- 3. The data undergo quality checks for the validity of Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN), name, date of birth (DOB), and address. Invalid data may create an inability to match to DNP data sources. TINs, names, dates, and addresses are deemed as valid or invalid according to the following standards:

Element	Invalid	Valid
TIN	Blank, contains text, or does not fit the rules provided by the Social Security Administration (SSA) <sup>1</sup>	Non-blank value, fits SSA rules, <sup>1</sup> and only contains numbers (e.g., "123-45-6789," "123456789")
Name	Blank or contains no letters (e.g., "", "1234")	A sequence of letters (e.g., "John A")
Date of Birth Date of Death	Blank (i.e., "") For EVVE FOD, a date out of range is also invalid (i.e., month value is greater than 12, day value is greater than 31, or year is greater than the current year)	Not blank For EVVE FOD, in-range
Address	Blank (i.e., "")	Not blank

4. Death records associated with a potentially deceased individual are grouped based on how similar the information is in one record compared to the other(s). The similarity score is a number that represents how similar two death records are. The score is based on an algorithm that factors in the reliability of the death data source and the similarity of the TINs, names, dates of birth, and dates of death.

4



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The SSA format for SSNs includes the AREA (the first three digits), the GROUP (the middle two digits), and the SERIAL (the final four digits). Valid SSNs: 1) cannot have all zeroes for the AREA, GROUP, or SERIAL; 2) cannot have an AREA be 666; and 3) cannot have the AREA be between 900 and 999.



A. TIN similarity is calculated based on how many edits it would take to convert one TIN into the other. Similarity of TINs is weighted higher than similarity of the other key fields. The below table shows how TIN similarity factors into the similarity score between two records.

	Similarity (high to low)	Examples
	Exact match	"123-45-6789" and "123-45-6789"
	1 digit off	"123-45-678 <mark>9</mark> " and "123-45-678 <mark>8</mark> "
TIN Similarity	2 digits off or 1 transposition	"123-45-67 <mark>89</mark> " and "123-45-67 <mark>77</mark> ",
	2 digits off of 1 transposition	"123-45-67 <mark>89</mark> " and "123-45-67 <mark>77</mark> ", "123-45-67 <mark>89</mark> " and "123-45-67 <mark>98</mark> "
	More than 2 digits off or more	"123-45-6 <mark>789</mark> " and "123-45-6 <mark>666</mark> ",
	than 1 transposition	"123- <mark>45</mark> -67 <mark>89</mark> " and "123- <mark>54</mark> -67 <mark>98</mark> "

B. Full name similarity is calculated using algorithms that compare two strings. The more similar the names, the higher the total similarity score.

	Similarity Definition (high to low)	Similarity Score	Examples
Full	Exact	1	"John Smith" and "John Smith"
name	Very similar	0.8 - 1	"John Smith" and "Jon Smith"
similarity	Similar	0.6 - 0.8	"John Smith" and "Jonathan Smyth"
	Different	> 0.6	"John Smith" and "Karen Jones"

#### C. Date similarity

	Similarity (high to low)	Examples
	Exact	"01-01-2022" and "01-01-2022"
Date Similarity	Similar (less than 35 days apart OR month and day match but year is one character or one transposition off)	"01-01-2022" and "01-31-2022," "12-31-2021" and "01-01-2022," "01-01-2022" and "01-01-2021," "01-01-2020" and "01-01-2002"
	Invalid date	····
	Different	"01-01-2022" and "08-31-2020"

D. In a similar way, middle name, name suffix, ZIP code, and state also impact the similarity score.





- E. If the similarity score of a pair of records meets or exceeds the threshold similarity score, they are grouped together. Otherwise, they are considered separate entities.
- 5. Distinct entities that are similar and as shown above, associated with one TIN are grouped and assigned a unique group ID.
- 6. Statistics are calculated for each potentially deceased individual which could be associated with either an ungrouped death record or a group of death records. Attributes including the death confidence score, TIN, date of death, and, if found, name, date of birth, and address will appear in the data presented in the Tool.
  - A confidence score (Low, Moderate, High, or Very High) is created for each group based on the robustness of the data associated with that deceased payee.
- 7. These data are then matched to DNP death data sources. Any matches are sent to EVVE FOD and returned with the records for which a death certificate was found.
- 8. After the matching process, the data are imported into an Excel workbook which will become the DRC Scoring Tool deliverable.





# **Key Columns – Definitions**

## **Payee Tab**

Column Name	Definition
Priority	The suggested order that these payees should be reviewed in, based on death and match confidence, associated payment value, and urgency (days until the next anticipated payment disbursal)
Confidence	Based on the estimated likelihood of death (death confidence) and how closely the payments matched to a death record (match confidence); the death confidence is currently based on the number of different death sources the individual is listed on, which particular death sources the individual is listed on, and whether there are any death-related post-payment returns or reclamations listed for this individual; values are either Very High, High, Moderate, or Low
Payee ID	This field is an agency-specific account number that indicates to which account or individual each payment is disbursed; this could be a Master File Payee number
Payee Name	If multiple names are associated with the same payee, this field displays the most frequent or most likely to be correct
SSN	The Social Security number of the deceased; if multiple TINs are associated with the same payee, this field displays the most frequent or most likely to be correct
<b>Death Date</b>	Date of death listed on the death record
<b>Total Pmts</b>	Total number of payments for this payee that were disbursed after the earliest date of death associated with this individual
Total Pmt Amt	The total dollar amount of the payment
Payee Acct Nr	The payment recipient's bank account number
<b>Dual Verification Dt</b>	The earliest date that a second death source listed this individual as deceased
Days Between Pmt and Death	The number of days from the date of death this payment was disbursed
Report Date	The date this current report was run
Death Source List	The death source(s) that provided a match to this record
Payee Status	(USER INPUT REQUIRED) – Use the pull-down arrow to select either "Confirmed Alive" or "Confirmed Deceased"
Action	(USER INPUT REQUIRED) – Use the pull-down arrow to select either "Halt Payment Series" or "Allow but Monitor"





## **Payments Tab**

Column Name	Definition
Payee ID	The Payee Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN); this field is associated with PartyName
Payment ID	The unique payment identifier within the schedule for associating all related records for the payment
ALC	The Agency Location Code for the agency or program making this payment
Payment Type	The Payment Automation Manager (PAM) payment type for this payment, such as Monthly Benefit, Daily Benefit, Vendor, or Miscellaneous
Pmt Amt	The dollar value of this payment
Pmt Date	The date this payment was disbursed
<b>Days Since Death</b>	The number of days between this payment and the most likely death date; in other words, the number of days this individual had been potentially deceased when this payment was disbursed
SSN	The Social Security number of the deceased; if multiple TINs are associated with the same payee, this field displays the most frequent or most likely to be correct
Payee Name	If multiple names are associated with the same payee, this field displays the most frequent or most likely to be correct
Schedule Nr	The agency's schedule number for this payment; determines the batch of payments that are transferred at the same time
ACH Trace Nr	A 15-digit sequence used to identify each ACH payment
Priority	The suggested order that these payees should be reviewed in, based on death and match confidence, associated payment value, and urgency (days until the next anticipated payment disbursal)





## **Summary Tab**

Column Name	Definition
<b>Distinct Screened</b>	The total number of payees that have been screened, regardless of
Payees	how many payments may appear for each payee
Distinct Matched Payees	The total number of payees that produced matches to the data sources, regardless of how many matches may appear for each payee
Payments Associated with Matched Payees	The number of payments that are associated with the payees that have matches to the data sources
Death Records	The number of death records that matched the list of payees
1-Month Snapshot	The number of payments that are associated with the payees that have matches to the data sources in this reporting time period
Related	The number of payments and dollar amounts that are associated with the payees that have matches to the data sources in previous time periods post date of death
All	The number of payments and dollar amounts that are associated with the payees that have matches to the data sources

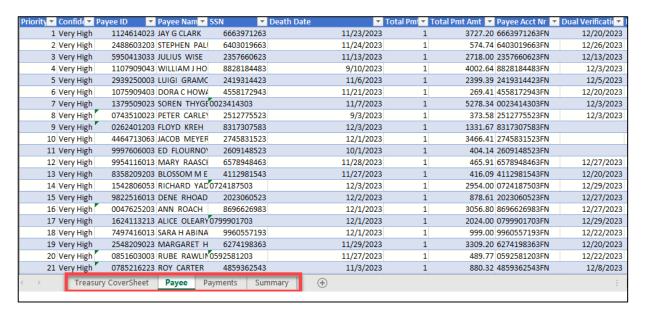




## **Death Record Confidence Scoring Tool Sample Data**

The images and detailed descriptions below contain fictitious data.

Upon opening the workbook, you will see four tabs: **Treasury CoverSheet**, **Payee**, **Payments** and **Monthly Summary**. (Note: if you receive recurring reports, your tabs may differ slightly from those shown below: instead of a Payee tab, you will a see Matches-Current Month tab and a Matches-Recurring tab.)



#### Payee Tab

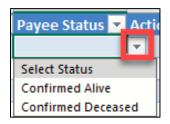
The Payee tab lists rows of payments in order of the highest confidence that the payee is deceased to the lowest. Payees with a Confidence Score of Very High, High, or Moderate will be listed first; low confidence matches can be added or removed per request to allow attention to be focused on the most valuable matches.

IMPORTANT! Please use the last two columns to record your adjudication results after conducting your own research, based upon your business rules for payments. Return this spreadsheet to DNP with the results of your research.



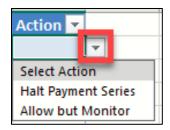


A. The Payee Status column is a user-entered field for each payee row.



When you click in a row of the Payee Status column, a pull-down arrow will appear. Use the arrow to select either **Confirmed Alive** or **Confirmed Deceased** based on your determination.

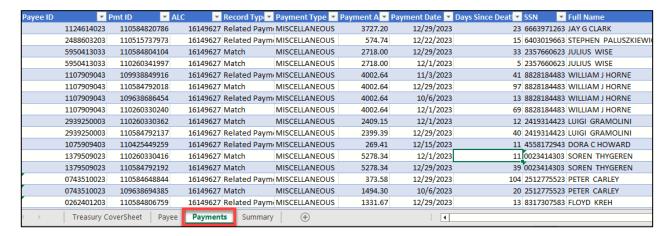
B. The Action column is a user-entered field for each payee row.



When you click in a row of the Action column, a pull-down arrow will appear. Use the arrow to select either **Halt Payment Series** or **Allow but Monitor** based on your determination.

#### **Payments Tab**

The Payments tab lists rows of payments to the payees listed on the Payee tab. Multiple payments to each payee will be listed on successive rows and given the same priority shown on the Payee tab.







## **Summary Tab**

The Summary Tab displays a high-level view of the customer data broken out by various categories. See the Summary Tab table in the previous section for definitions of the categories shown.

Summary		
Category	Total	
Distinct Screened Payees	54,262	
Distinct Matched Payees	90	
Payments Associated with Matched Payees	195	
Death Records	143	
Payment Totals		
Payment Type	Payments	Total (\$)
1-Month Snapshot	91	222,800.20
Related	104	422,456.74
All	195	645,256.94
Payees by Confidence Score  Confidence Text	Total	
Confidence Text Very High High	56 8	
Confidence Text Very High	56	
Confidence Text Very High High Moderate	56 8	Total Payment (\$)
Confidence Text  Very High High Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High	Total Payments (#)	188,638.97
Confidence Text  Very High High Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High High	56 8 26 Total Payments (#) 75 92	188,638.97 385,087.88
Confidence Text  Very High High Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High	Total Payments (#)	188,638.97
Confidence Text  Very High High Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High High	56 8 26 Total Payments (#) 75 92	188,638.97 385,087.88
Confidence Text  Very High High Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High High Moderate  Death Sources/Indicators  Death Source/Indicator	Total Payments (#)  75 92 27	188,638.97 385,087.88
Confidence Text  Very High  High  Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High  High  Moderate  Death Sources/Indicators  Death Source/Indicator  AIS Obituary	Total Payments (#)  75 92 27	188,638.97 385,087.88
Confidence Text  Very High High Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High High Moderate  Death Sources/Indicators  Death Source/Indicator  AIS Obituary DMF	Total Payments (#)  Total Payments (#)  75  92  27	188,638.97 385,087.88
Confidence Text  Very High High Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High High Moderate  Death Sources/Indicators  Death Source/Indicator  AIS Obituary DMF DNP Death Adjudication	Total Payments (#)  Total Payments (#)  75  92  27	188,638.97 385,087.88
Confidence Text  Very High High Moderate  Payments by Confidence Score  Confidence Label  Very High High Moderate  Death Sources/Indicators  Death Source/Indicator  AIS Obituary DMF	Total Payments (#)  Total Payments (#)  75  92  27	188,638.97 385,087.88

