



# FMCF 101 Training for Vendors Financial Management Quality Service Management Office (FM QSMO)

As of: November 2023

# Disclaimer

The purpose of this training is for the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Management Quality Management Service Office (FM QSMO) to provide a general overview of the FM QSMO Marketplace Financial Management Capability Framework (FMCF). The training is not intended to supersede or conflict with the FMCF materials published on the FM QSMO website. The training material may be updated periodically to provide additional clarity or information.



#### **Table of Contents**

- 1. Financial Management Capability Framework (FMCF) Overview
- 2. Describe each FMCF artifact
  - a) Define what is the artifact
  - b) Use how to use the artifact
  - c) Example visual example of the artifact
  - d) Connecting each artifact
  - e) Additional considerations
- 3. Key Takeaways
- 4. Appendix



# Learning Objectives

By the end of this training, Vendors will have the information needed to:



Locate, define and restate the purpose of each FMCF artifact. (Learning Objective 1: FMCF Purpose)

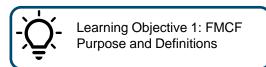


Design FM Solutions/Services that conform to the FMCF. (Learning Objective 2: Design Solutions)

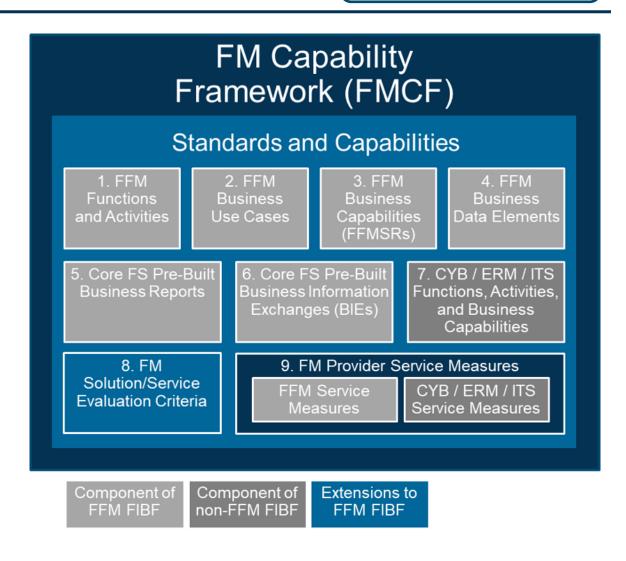


# FMCF Background





- The Financial Management Capability Framework (FMCF) is the set of standards and capabilities that define baseline needs for services and solutions in the FM QSMO Marketplace, including requirements for cloud-based core financial systems (Core FS).
- The FMCF consists of nine (9) sections or components, described in the visual to the right.
- The FMCF artifacts can be found on the <u>FM QSMO - FMCF Webpage</u>.
- The FMCF is used as a basis for evaluating and ensuring that Marketplace solutions and services meet baseline needs.
- Only a subset of FMCF artifacts may apply to a service or solution, depending on the type of vendor offering being delivered.





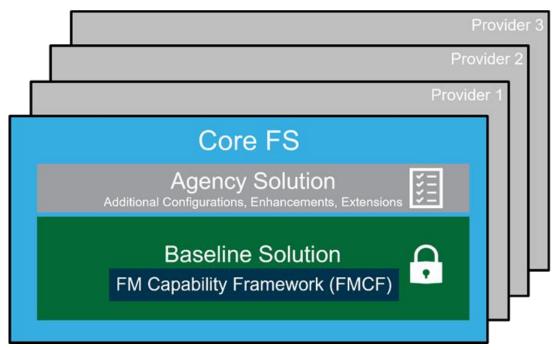
#### Core FS Baseline Solution

The FM QSMO Marketplace will offer Core Financial Systems (Core FS) available in a cloud environment, delivered through a platform as a service (PaaS) or software as a service (SaaS) delivery and pricing model. Marketplace Core FS offerings will include a Baseline Solution that standardizes what is common and enables agencies the flexibility to further configure to meet agency needs.

#### The Core FS consists of the:

- Baseline Solution: A combination of configuration, enhancements and extensions designated as the starting point for all Federal agency implementations of the Core FS. The FMCF defines what is included in the Baseline Solution.
- Agency Solution: A combination of configurations, enhancements and extensions above and beyond the Baseline Solution, controlled by the customer Agency.

Core FS commercial vendors (i.e., software vendors, integrators, and/or implementers) may determine the specific combination of software configuration, enhancements, and/or extensions needed to meet the FMCF requirements.



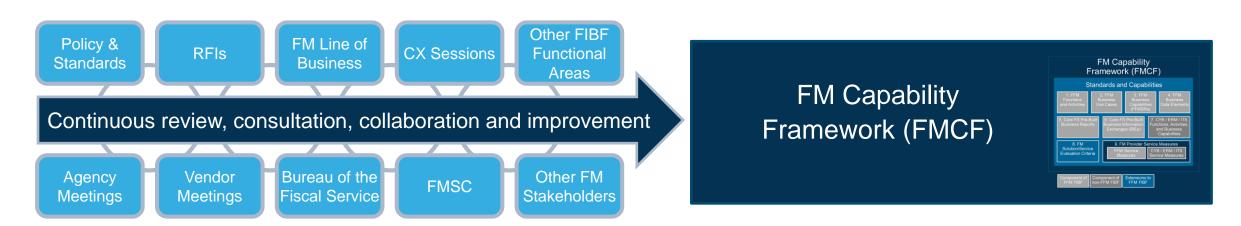
Key Takeaway: Core FS = Baseline Solution (configuration to meet FMCF) + Additional Agency Configurations



#### Evolution of FM Standards in the Federal Government

The FM QSMO developed the FMCF by utilizing policy and standards as a foundation and then engaging with numerous stakeholders to understand their needs, requirements, capabilities, and pain points.

- The Federal government established mission-support functional service areas to enable service customers (e.g., program offices) to deliver on their mission and accomplish End-to-End Business Processes.
- The Federal Integrated Business Framework (FIBF) strived to create a set of common Business Standards across each Service Area where
  agencies would coordinate and document common business needs based on authoritative policy across agencies, focusing on outcomes,
  capabilities, and data.
- The Financial Management Line of Business (FMLoB) Managing Partner oversaw the development of the FIBF standards and continue to manage their maintenance, collaborating with agencies from across the federal government.
- When the FM QSMO was established in 2019, the FM QSMO expanded upon the FFM FIBF standards to define the baseline requirements for services and solutions in the FM QSMO Marketplace. The result was the FMCF.



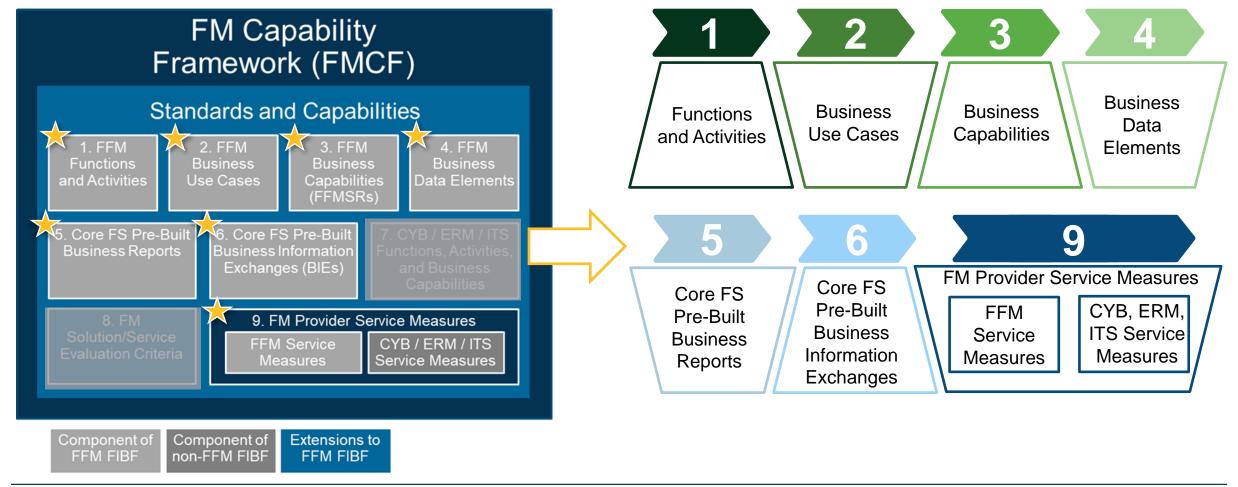


# FMCF and the Federal Integrated Business Framework (FIBF)

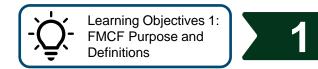


### Federal Financial Management Federal Integrated Business Framework

The Federal Financial Management (FFM) Federal Integrated Business Framework (FIBF) artifacts are the foundation of the FMCF.









#### What are the FFM Functions & Activities?

- The FFM Functions & Activities serve as the basis for a common understanding of the FM services agencies need and solutions that should be offered.
  - Functions: Breakdown of a functional area into categories of FM services provided to customers.
  - Activities: Within a function, processes that provide identifiable outputs/outcomes to customers
    are defined as activities.



#### How should I use the FFM Functions & Activities?

- FM QSMO Marketplace vendors offering Core FS solutions must address all FFM Functions and Activities.
- FM QSMO Marketplace vendors offering solutions/services outside of the Core FS subgroup may address some FFM Functions and Activities

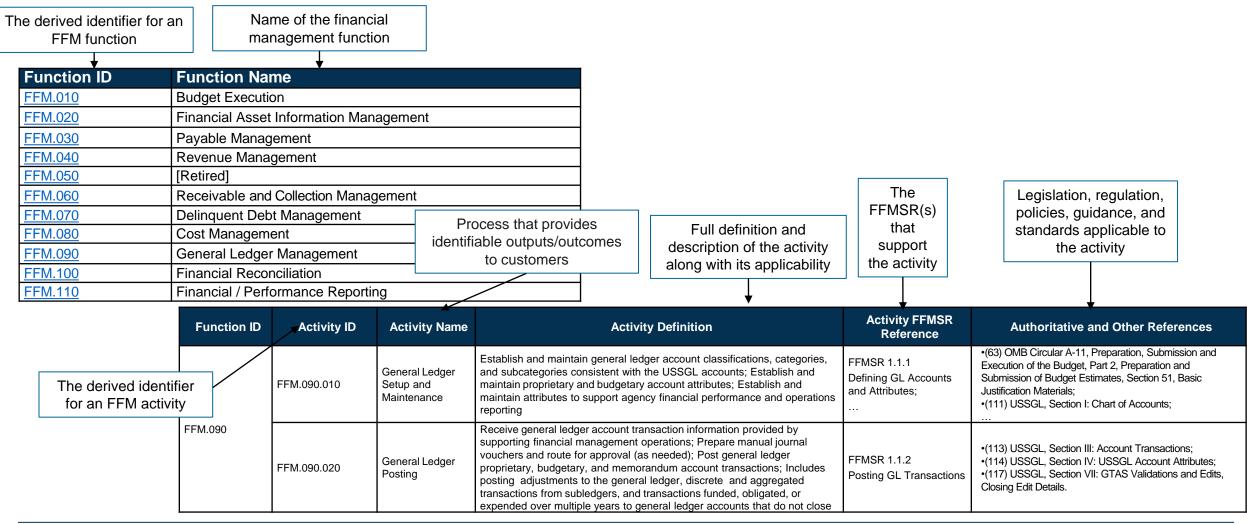




# FFM Functions and Activities Example



The images and call out boxes below describe each part of the FFM Functions and Activities.







#### What are the FFM Business Use Cases?

- The FFM Business Use Cases are a set of agency "stories" that document the key activities, inputs, outputs, and
  other lines of business intersections to describe how the Federal government operates. They are organized into
  eleven end-to-end business processes that have a federal financial management impact.
- Each use case explains how federal agencies are to carry out a specific financial management process, starting
  with a user's goal and goes through the steps to take until the goal is fulfilled.
- In a business use case, you can expect to see interactions and events between FFM and other service areas as well as business information expected to be received, processed, and/or provided.
- Use Cases are agnostic as to whether the events in the business use case are automated, semi-automated, or manually accomplished.



#### How should I use the FFM Business Cases?

- Core FS Vendors will use the FFM Business Use Cases to demonstrate the capabilities of their solution offering.
- Vendors may use the FFM Business Use Cases when evaluating the impact of sequential steps, or events, needed to perform a process between multiple Service Areas.
- Vendors may also use the FFM Business Use Cases when evaluating impacts to federal financial management business processes due to changes in legislation, regulation, guidance, and procedures.

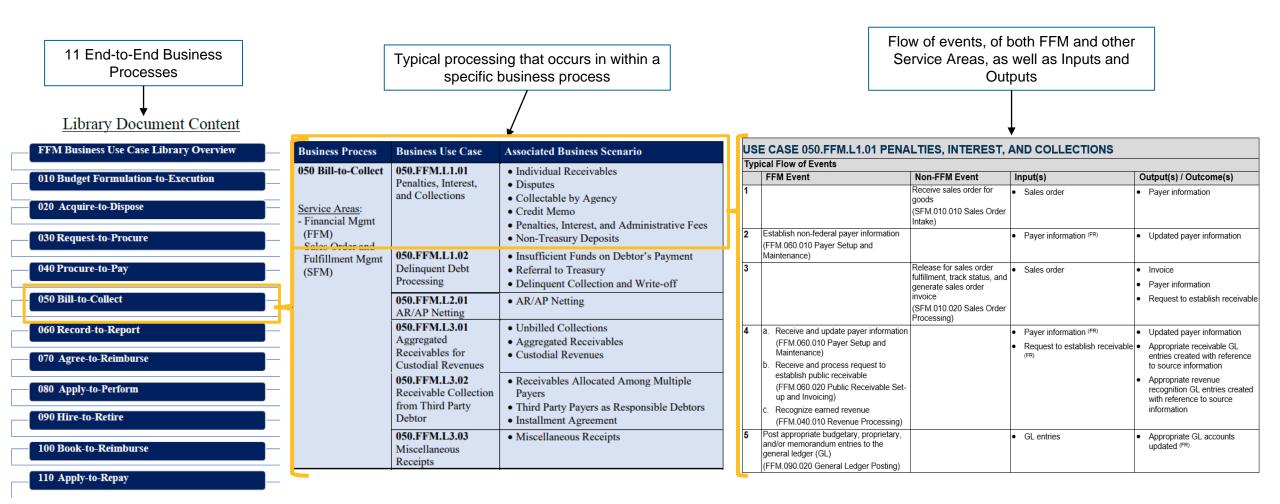




# FFM Business Use Case Example



The images and call out boxes below describe each part of the FFM Business Use Cases.







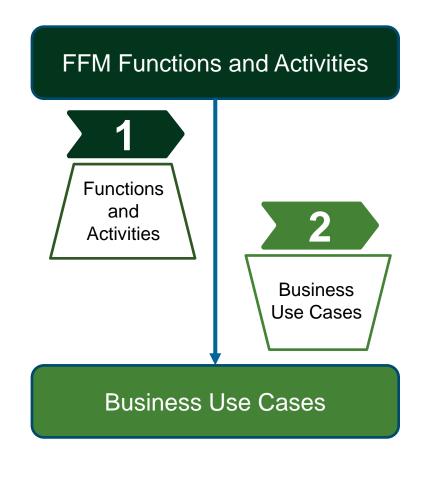
# Tie it Together: FFM Business Use Cases and FFM Functions and Activities



The FFM Business Use Cases are executed through Service Activities, described in the FFM Functions & Activities artifact.

Function ID	Activity ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition	Activity FFMSR Reference	Authoritative and Other References
FFM.090	FFM.090.020	General Ledger Posting	proprietary, budgetary, and memorandum account	FFMSR 1.1.2 Posting GL Transactions	•(113) USSGL, Section III: Account Transactions; •(114) USSGL, Section IV: USSGL Account Attributes; •(117) USSGL, Section VII: GTAS Validations and Edits, Closing Edit Details.

Typ	Typical Flow of Events									
	FFM Event	Non-FFM Event	Input(s)	Output(s) / Outcome(s)						
4	Receive and update payer information     (FFM.060.010 Payer Setup and Maintenance)     Receive and process request to establish public receivable (FFM.060.020 Public Receivable Set-up and Invoicing)     Recognize earned revenue (FFM.040.010 Revenue Processing)		Payer information (FR)     Request to establish receivable (FR)	Updated payer information     Appropriate receivable GL     entries created with     reference to source     information     Appropriate revenue     recognition GL entries     created with reference to     source information						
5	Post appropriate budgetary, proprietary, and/or memorandum entries to the general ledger (GL) (FFM.090.020 General Ledger Posting)		GL entries	Appropriate GL accounts updated (FR)						







#### What are the FFM Business Capabilities (Federal Financial Management System Requirements)?

- The FFM Business Capabilities describe outcome-based business needs mapped to Federal government authoritative references, forms, and data standards.
- The FFM Business Capabilities artifact is also referred to as the Federal Financial Management System Requirements (FFMSR) which agencies are required to comply with.
- For CFO Act agencies, these requirements determine compliance with the Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996.
- The FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR) are categorized by Input (I) to capture information, Process (P) to
  perform the action, or Output (O) to provide information, and when used together, they support the execution of a
  business process.



#### How should I use the FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR)?

• System providers must ensure that their financial management system offering capabilities, based on the combined ability of the service/technology and agency manual processes, fully meet the requirements.

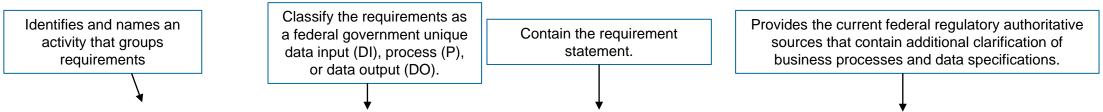




# FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR) Example



The images and call out boxes below describe each part of the FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR).



Function ID	Federal Financial Management System Function	Requirement ID	DI-Data Input P-Process DO- Data Output	Federal Financial Management System Requirements	Federal Financial Management System Authoritative Reference
1.1.2	Posting GL Transactions	1.1.2.1	DI	Capture GL account transaction information provided by supporting financial management operations (for example, payments, receipts, liabilities, assets, and reimbursable/ intragovernmentals) consistent with the USSGL account attributes, account transaction codes, account transaction categories, and account transaction subcategories defined in the TFM.	•TFM Volume I, Supplement: United States Standard General Ledger (USSGL) Section I: Chart of Accounts; Section II: Accounts and Definitions; Section III: Account Transactions; Section IV: USSGL Account Attributes.
		1.1.2.2	P	Post GL proprietary, budgetary, and memorandum account transactions consistent with USSGL account attributes, account transaction codes, account transaction categories, and account transaction subcategories as defined in the TFM.	TFM Volume I, Supplement: United States Standard General Ledger (USSGL) Section I: Chart of Accounts; Section II: Accounts and Definitions; Section III: Account Transactions; Section IV: USSGL Account Attributes.
		1.1.2.3	P	Close non-fiduciary and fiduciary accounts consistent with USSGL account closing table rules as defined in the TFM.	•TFM Volume I, Supplement: United States Standard General Ledger (USSGL), Section III: Account Transactions; Section VII: GTAS Validations and Edits, Closing Edit Details.
		1.1.2.4	P	Maintain ability to post transactions funded, obligated, or expended over multiple years to GL accounts that do not close (for example, undelivered orders—obligations, unpaid; delivered orders—obligations, unpaid; authority outlayed not yet disbursed) consistent with the TFM.	•TFM Volume I, Supplement: United States Standard General Ledger (USSGL), Section I: Chart of Accounts; Section II: Accounts and Definitions; Section III: Account Transactions; Section VII: GTAS Validations and Edits, Closing Edits Details.





# Tie it Together: FFM Functions and Activities and FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR)



The FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR) provide the authoritative reference for each FFM Function and Activity. They describe the common, baseline business processes and information flows needed to execute a Service Activity.

FFM Functions	s and Activities
Functions and Activities	Business Capabilities (FFMSR)
Business Capal	pilities (FFMSR)

Function ID	Activity ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition	Activity FFMSR Reference	Authoritative and Other References
FFM.090	FFM.090.020	General Ledger Posting	Receive general ledger account transaction information provided by supporting financial management operations; Prepare manual journal vouchers and route for approval (as needed); Post general ledger proprietary, budgetary, and memorandum account transactions; Includes posting adjustments to the general ledger, discrete and aggregated transactions from subledgers, and transactions funded, obligated, or expended over multiple years to general ledger accounts that do not close	FFMSR 1.1.2 Posting GL Transactions	•(113) USSGL, Section III: Account Transactions; •(114) USSGL, Section IV: USSGL Account Attributes; •(117) USSGL, Section VII: GTAS Validations and Edits, Closing Edit Details.

	Function ID	Federal Financial Management System Function	Requirement ID	DI-Data Input P-Process DO-Data Output	Federal Financial Management System Requirements	Federal Financial Management System Authoritative Reference
		3	1.1.2.1	1	Capture GL account transaction information	•TFM Volume I, Supplement: United States
		Transactions		1	provided by supporting financial management	Standard General Ledger (USSGL) Section I: Chart of Accounts; Section II: Accounts and
					operations (for example, payments, receipts, liabilities, assets, and reimbursable/	Definitions; Section III: Account Transactions;
					intragovernmentals) consistent with the USSGL	Section IV: USSGL Account Attributes.
					account attributes, account transaction codes,	
				1	account transaction categories, and account	
					transaction subcategories defined in the TFM.	
-			1.1.2.2	P	Post GL proprietary, budgetary, and	•TFM Volume I, Supplement: United States
					memorandum account transactions consistent	Standard General Ledger (USSGL) Section I:
				1	with USSGL account attributes, account	Chart of Accounts; Section II: Accounts and
				1	transaction codes, account transaction	Definitions; Section III: Account Transactions;   Section IV: USSGL Account Attributes.
				1	categories, and account transaction	Section IV. USSGL Account Attributes.
L					subcategories as defined in the TFM.	



### FFM Business Data Elements







#### What are the FFM Business Data Elements?

- The FFM Business Data Elements artifact identifies the minimum set of business data elements required to support the inputs and outputs identified in the business use cases, capabilities, business information exchanges and business reports.
- The FFM Business Data Elements enable agencies and providers to have a definitive list of agreed-upon data elements to execute federal financial management processes.
- The FFM Business Data Elements were derived using the Government-wide Spending Data Model (formerly known as the DATA Act Information Model Schema), Fiscal Service Data Registry, and other authoritative sources.
- The FM QSMO also designated a subset of FFM Business Data Elements as "Core FS Pre-Loaded Master Reference Data", which indicate the subset of data elements that require pre-loaded domain values in the Core FS Baseline Solution.



#### How should I use the FFM Business Data Elements?

- Core FS Providers are expected to capture/provide the information noted in the *FFM Business Data Elements* list, and pre-load the domain values from the *Core FS Pre-Loaded Master Reference Data* list, within their core financial management solution.
- Core FS Providers may augment this list with additional data elements specific to their solution.

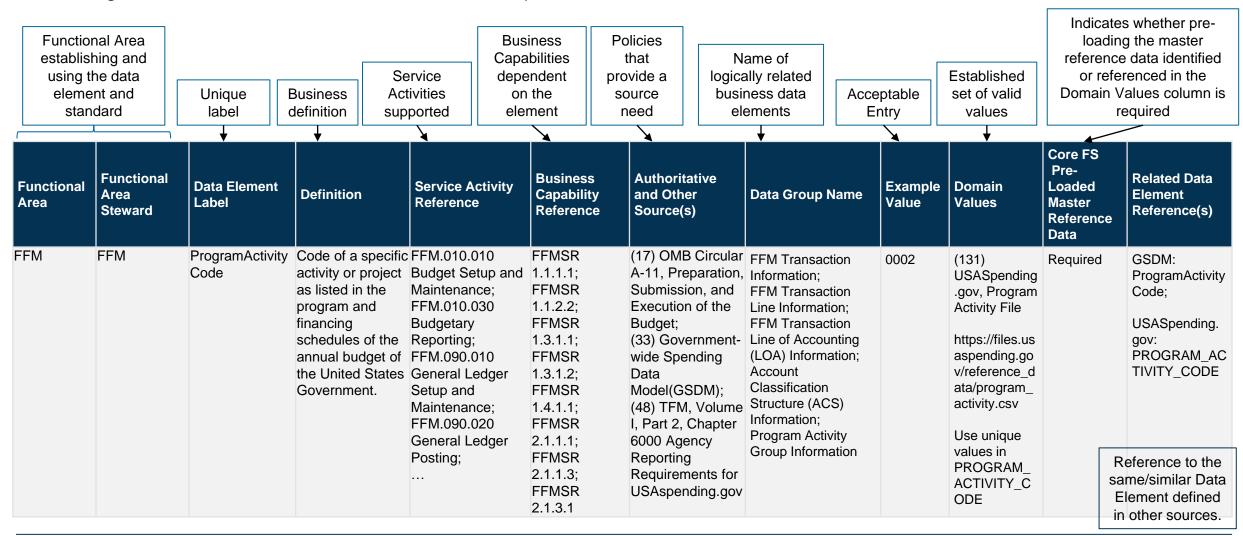




# FFM Business Data Elements Example



The images and call out boxes below describe each part of the FFM Business Data Elements.







# Tie it Together: FFM Business Data Elements

The FFM Business Data Elements are the data fields needed to support the FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR) and FFM Functions & Activities that are then executed through the FFM Business Use Cases.

FFM Functions & Activities							
Function ID	Activity ID	Activity Name	Activity Definition	Activity FFMSR Reference	Authoritative and Other References		
FFM.090	FFM.090.020	General Ledger Posting	Receive general ledger account transaction information provided by supporting financial management operations; Prepare manual journal vouchers and route for approval (as needed); Post general ledger proprietary, budgetary, and memorandum account transactions; Includes posting adjustments to the general ledger, discrete and aggregated transactions from subledgers, and transactions funded, obligated, or expended over multiple years to general ledger accounts that do not close	FFMSR 1.1.2 Posting GL Transactions	•(113) USSGL, Section III: Account Transactions; •(114) USSGL, Section IV: USSGL Account Attributes; •(117) USSGL, Section VII: GTAS Validations and Edits, Closing Edit Details.		

	FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR)											
Function ID	Federal Financial Management System Function	Requirement ID	DI-Data Input P-Process DO- Data Output	Federal Financial Management System Requirements	Federal Financial Management System Authoritative Reference							
1.1.2	Posting GL Transactions	1.1.2.2		Post GL proprietary, budgetary, and memorandum account transactions consistent with USSGL account attributes, account transaction codes, account transaction categories, and account transaction subcategories as defined in the TFM.	TFM Volume I, Supplement: United States Standard General Ledger (USSGL) Section I: Chart of Accounts; Section II: Accounts and Definitions; Section III: Account Transactions; Section IV: USSGL Account Attributes.							

Functional Area	Functional Area Steward	Data Element Label	Definition	Service Activity Reference	Business Capability Reference	Authoritative and Other Source(s)
FFM	FFM	c ,	Code of a specific activity or project as listed in the program and financing schedules of the annual budget of the United States Government.	FFM.010.010 Budget Setup and Maintenance; FFM.010.030 Budgetary Reporting; FFM.090.010 General Ledger Setup and Maintenance; FFM.090.020 General Ledger Posting;	<b>1.1.2.2;</b> FFMSR 1.3.1.1;	(17) OMB Circular A-11, Preparation, Submission, and Execution of the Budget; (33) Government-wide Spending Data Model(GSDM); (48) TFM, Volume I, Part 2, Chapter 6000 Agency Reporting Requirements for USAspending.gov



# Tie it Together: FFM FIBF Artifacts #1 – 4

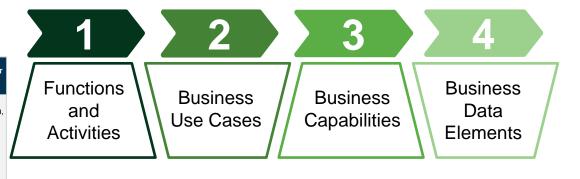
Activity Activity **Authoritative and Other** Function ID Activity ID **Activity Definition** FFMSR References Name Reference Receive general ledger account transaction information provided by supporting financial management (113) USSGL, Section III: operations; Prepare manual journal vouchers and route Account Transactions: for approval (as needed); Post general ledger FFMSR 1.1.2 •(114) USSGL, Section IV: General proprietary, budgetary, and memorandum account FFM.090.020 FFM.090 Ledger USSGL Account Attributes: Posting GL transactions: Includes posting adjustments to the Posting Transactions •(117) USSGL, Section VII: general ledger, discrete and aggregated transactions GTAS Validations and from subledgers, and transactions runded, obligated, or Edits, Closing Edit Details. expended over multiple cars to general ledger accounts that do not close

	USE (	CASE 050.FFM.L1.01 PENA	LT'ES, INTERE	ST, AND COL	LECTIONS		
Typical Flow of Events							
FFM Event				Non-FFM Ev	nt	Input(s)	Output(s) / Outcome(s)
	5	Post appropriate budgetary	proprietary,			GL entries	Appropriate GL accounts
		and/or memorandum entrie	to the general				updated (FR)
		ledger (GL)					
(FFM.090.020 General Ledger Posting)							

Federal **DI-Data Input Financial** Federal Financial Management Federal Financial Management Management Requirement ID P-Process DO-**System Requirements System Authoritative Reference** System **Data Output** Function 1.1.2.2 1.1.2 Postina GL Post GL proprietary, budgetary, and TFM Volume I, Supplement United States Standard General Transactions memorandum account transactions Ledger (USSGL) Section I: Chart consistent with USSGL account of Accounts: Section II: Accounts tributes, account transaction codes, and Definitions; Section III: account transaction categories, and Account Transactions: Section IV: laccountransaction subcategories as USSGL Account Attributes defined n the TFM.

Functional Area	Functional Area Steward	Data Element Label	Definition	Service Activity Reference	Business Capability Reference	Authoritative and Other Source(s)
FFM	FFM FFM ProgramActivityCode		Code of a specific activity or project as listed in the program and financing schedules of the annual budget of the United States Government	Maintenance; FFM.010.030 Budgetary Reporting; FFM.090.010 General Ledger	FFMSR 1.1.1.1; <b>FFMSR</b> <b>1.1.2.2</b> ; FFMSR	(17) OMB Circular A-11, Preparation, Submission, and Execution of the Budget; (33) Government-wide
			4	Setup and Maintenance; FFM.090.020 General Ledger Posting;	1.3.1.1;	Spending Data Model(GSDM); 

The FFM FIBF Standards establish the first step towards government-wide agreement on outcomes, data, and crossfunctional end-to-end processes that will drive economies of scale and leverage the government's buying power.





#### QUIZ

Which FMCF artifact provides compliance with FFMIA?

The FFM Business Capabilities (FFMSR)





#### What are the Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports?

- The Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports support FFM Functions and Activities and the FFM Business Use Cases. These reports are expected to be included in all Core FS solution offerings.
- The Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports represent the minimum information the Government expects to be provided by a core financial management solution in a form users can print or share.
   Vendors are free to provide any format or technology as long as the required data elements are included.
  - Note: Specifications for information to be transferred to another system/solution are provided in the Pre-Built FFM Business Information Exchanges (BIEs).
- The Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports are intended to provide information for a collection of financial transactions/documents based on commonly used data selection parameters.
- The Core FS Baseline Solution should also provide the capability for user-defined reports where the user can select FFM Business Data Elements and specify the presentation format and any calculated report data elements.



# Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports





#### How should I use the Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports?

- Core FS providers are expected to have these reports pre-built and in their Core FS solution offering.
   These reports support FFM Functions and Activities and FFM Business Use Cases.
- Core FS Baseline Solution providers may determine the optimal source of information and presentation style for each Core FS Pre-Built Business Report as long as all the specified report parameters and report data elements are incorporated into the report design.
- Core FS Baseline Solution providers may determine the optimal approach for this "drill down" capability into supporting transaction/document detail information, as long as all the specified report data elements are provided.





# Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports Specification Example



The image and corresponding numbered listing describe each part of the Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports specifications.

- 1. Report Name
- 2. Description of the report
- 3. The list of required and optional data selection parameters available to achieve the needed report content.
- 4. The name of the data element on the report.
- 5. A description of the intended content of the report data element.
- 6. The label of one or more FFM Business Data Elements when the source for the Report Data Element content is within the FFM **Functional Area**
- 7. The identifier of another FIBF Functional Area.
- 8. An indicator of "X" when the content of a Report Data Element is calculated from other Report Data Elements.

	_	1 Status of Funding						
REPORT I	DESCRIPTION 2	Provides the amounts of budget authority, commitments, unpaid obligations, prepaid obligations, and expenditures as of the end of the specified accounting period for the specified accounting classification(s) (e.g., Agency, TAS, Organization, Program).						
3 REPORT I PARAMET	_	* Accounting Period  * Agency Identifier  * Treasury Account Symbol OR Agency Fund Code (Optional)  * Budget Fiscal Year (Optional)  * Organization Code (Optional)  * Program Code (Optional)  * Program Activity Code (Optional)  * Project Identifier (Optional)  * Object Class (Optional)	7					
Report Item	Report Data Element Label	Report Data Element Description	FFM Business Data Element Label	Other Functional Area Data Element	8 Calculated			
1	Accounting Period	The fiscal period reported on financial reports. Accounting period includes a four digit fiscal year and two digit fiscal month. In addition to the standard fiscal months of 1-12, the two digit fiscal month may include months 13-15 which represent adjustment periods.	AccountingPeriod					
2	Agency Identifier	The agency code identifying the department or agency/bureau that is responsible for the account.	Agencyldentifier					
3	Treasury Account Symbol	The identification code assigned by Treasury, in collaboration with OMB and the owner agency, to an individual appropriation, receipt, or other fund account.	TreasuryAccountSymbol					
4	Agency Fund Code	The shorthand code for a fund designated by the agency, entered on transactions, and used to derive the account identification code required for reporting externally to Treasury (the TAS) and OMB (the budget account) and USSGL account attributes. It can be used for segregating funds that have multiple apportionment categories, or that have both discretionary and mandatory authority.	AgencyFundCode					





#### What are the Core FS Pre-Built Business Information Exchanges?

- Core FS solutions need to exchange data with other systems. Business rules provide the common exchanges of business information between two Functional Areas or between a Functional Area and a Centralized Service/Solution.
- The Core FS Pre-Built BIEs are specifications that depict the data and transactional relationships and requirements for a given business system that exchanges data with the Core FS.
- Each BIE describes the following for exchanges of data between the non-Core FS business system and the Core FS:
  - Applicable BIE transaction types, e.g., Entity-Payee/Payer Maintenance and Order-Obligation.
  - Data Elements that are mandatory, conditionally required, or optional, using FIBF-based Data Element Labels where a FIBF standard exists.
  - Related BIE logic, i.e., business rules.
- Where a FIBF standard doesn't exist, the *Core FS Pre-Built BIE* artifact incorporates or refers to the existing interface, integration, or data exchange specifications already in use. FM QSMO works in conjunction with other Treasury Centralized Services and Functional Areas to maintain the BIE list.





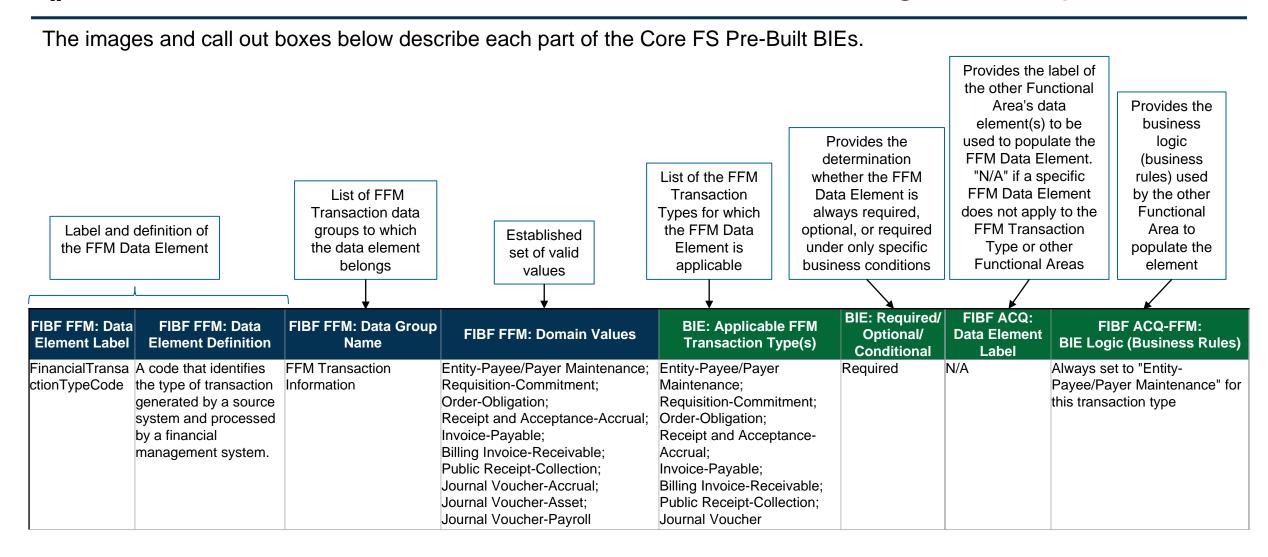
#### How should I use the Core FS Pre-Built BIEs?

- Core FS Providers must include the Core FS Pre-Built BIEs into the Core FS Baseline Solution using data element labels and definitions consistent with FFM Business Data Elements.
- Core FS Providers may include Business Data Elements from other Functional Areas when the information is critical for transactional processing (e.g., calculation of interest due or optimal payment date).
- Core FS Baseline Solution providers are expected to include in their offering at least one BIE with each of these other Functional Areas: acquisition (ACQ), grants (GRM), human capital management (HCM) payroll, and travel and transportation (TRT) expense management.
- If a provider offering is a cross-Functional Area integrated solution (e.g., ERP solution), the provider is expected to ensure all the specified FFM Transaction data elements can be exchanged with the core financial management component of the integrated solution.
- The FFM BIE List describes the full list of assumptions and validation steps of referenced data.





## Core FS Pre-Built Business Information Exchanges Example







#### Tie it Together: FFM Business Data Elements, Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports, and Core FS Pre-Built BIEs



The FFM Business Data Elements provide the data fields needed to develop the FFM Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports and FFM Core FS Pre-Built Business Information Exchanges.

		FIBF FFM: Data Group Name   FIBF FFM: Domain Values   FIBF FFM: Domain Type(s)   Required Option Condition				Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports				
FIBF FFM Data Element Label	FIBF FFM: Data	FIBE FEM: Data		FFM Transaction	BIE: Required/ Optional/ Conditional	REPORT PARAME	DATA SELECTION TERS	<ul> <li>Status of Funding</li> <li>Accounting Period</li> <li>Agency Identifier</li> <li>Treasury Account Symbol OR Agency Fund Code (Optional)</li> </ul>		
Agencyldenti fier	, , ,	count Symbol Information; AS) component FFM Transaction	Fiscal Service Shared Accounting Module (SAM) Service: Treasury Account Symbol (TAS-BETC) https://www.fiscal.treasury.g ov/sam/	Commitment; Order-Obligation; Receipt and Acceptance-Accrual;	AgencyFundC ode is not	Report Item	Report Data Element Label		FFM Busines	
	department, agency or establishment of the U.S. Government that is responsible for the	FFM Transaction Line of Accounting (LOA) Information; Account Classification Structure (ACS)				1	Accounting Period	The fiscal period reported on financial reports. Accounting period includes a four digit fiscal year and two digit fiscal month. In addition to the standard fiscal months of 1-12, the two digit fiscal month may include months 13-15 which represent adjustment periods.	AccountingPe	
	TAS. Agency Identifier is also used apart from	Information; Treasury Account Symbol (TAS)				2	Agency Identifier	The agency code identifying the department or agency/bureau that is responsible for the account.	Agencyldenti	
	the TAS to identify a major department or independent	Information; Program Activity Group Information; Reimbursable Organization				3	Treasury Account Symbol	The identification code assigned by Treasury, in collaboration with OMB and the owner agency, to an individual appropriation, receipt, or other fund account.	TreasuryAcco	

Data Element Label	Definition	Service Activity Reference	Business Capability Reference	Business Information Exchange (BIE)	Core FS Pre-Loaded Master Reference Data	
Agencyldentifier	The Treasury Account Symbol (TAS) component that identifies the	FFM.010.010 Budget Setup and Maintenance;	FFMSR 1.1.1.1;	ACQ-FFM BIE;	Required	
	department, agency or establishment of the U.S. Government that is	FFM.010.030 Budgetary Reporting;	FFMSR 1.1.2.2;	FFM-DATA Act Files		
	responsible for the TAS. Agency Identifier is also used apart from	FFM.090.010 General Ledger Setup and	FFMSR 1.3.1.1;	BIE;		
	the TAS to identify a major department or independent agency of the	S to identify a major department or independent agency of the Maintenance;				
	Federal government.			RPM-FFM BIE;		
	FFM Busine	ess Data Elements		TRT-FFM BIE		



FFM Business Data Element

Label

AccountingPeriod

Agencyldentifier

TreasuryAccountSymbol

Federal

government.

Information

#### QUIZ

Which FMCF artifact provides the data fields needed to develop the FFM Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports and FFM Core FS Pre-Built Business Information Exchanges?

The FFM Business Data Elements.





#### What are the FM Provider Service Measures?

- The FM Provider Service Measures define how the government measures successful delivery of outcomes based on timeliness, efficiency, and accuracy targets.
  - Service Activity Level a measure that identifies the anticipated work to be accomplished or resources needed and contains a unit volume (e.g., volume, amount, count).
  - **Service Performance Level –** A measure that identifies an outcome to be achieved by the responsible party and contains a unit value (e.g., percent, time, etc.).
- The FM Provider Service Measures:
  - Define how the government measures successful delivery of FFM outcomes, as well as the Cyber (CYB), Electronic Records Management (ERM), and IT Services (ITS) priorities that support FFM activities.
  - Include both provider measures and service customer measures (e.g., approval timeliness).
  - Establish measure targets, reporting frequencies, and measurement methods/sources/formulas applicable to all Federal agency implementations.
  - Defer establishing measure targets, reporting frequencies, and measurement methods/sources/formulas where it is more appropriate for each Federal agency to do so (e.g., workload volume) or for the Federal agency customer to discuss with its FM solution/service provider during the Federal agency acquisition process (e.g., service desk response time).





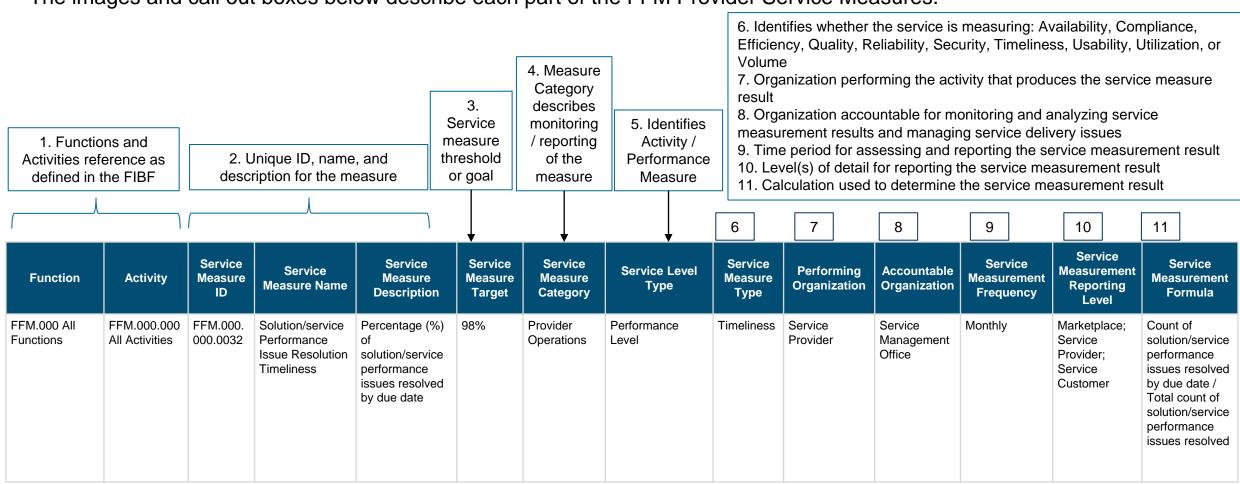
#### How should I use the FM Provider Service Measures?

- Vendors may report their results to the government based on their Measure Category:
  - Oversight Reporting results may be reported to the Federal agency customer, FM QSMO, and FM QSMO Marketplace oversight organizations.
  - Customer Facing results may be reported to the Federal agency customer and FM QSMO.
  - QSMO Monitoring results may be reported only to the FM QSMO.
  - **Provider Operations** results should be monitored by the provider and results made available to the Federal agency customer and/or FM QSMO if requested to address an issue.
- For entrance into the FM QSMO Marketplace, Vendors should prepare for the three Service Measures that the FM QSMO requires (QSMO Monitoring Measure Category) and plan to report those directly to the FM QSMO and to any customer agencies after onboarding.
- All other Service Measures are optional for use by customer agencies:
  - Agencies may select Service Measures from the standard portfolio of FM Service Measures, as well as agency-specific required Service Measures. These may be part of the agency's acquisition requirements.
  - Agencies and vendors may develop Customer Service Agreements that specify the agency's required service level targets, measures, and reporting.



# FM Provider Service Measures Example

The images and call out boxes below describe each part of the FFM Provider Service Measures.

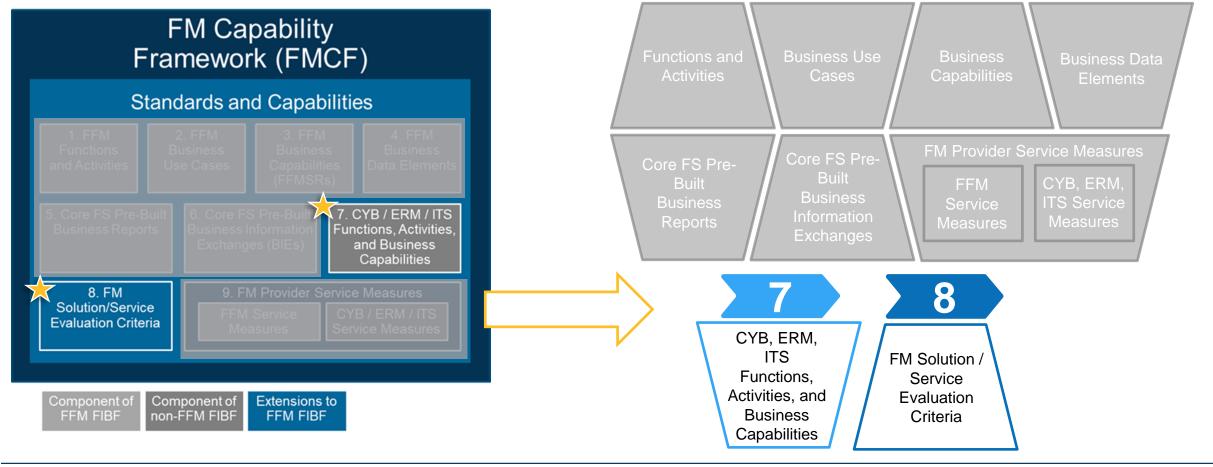


## Additions to the FFM FIBF



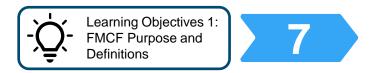
# Adding on to the FFM FIBF Standards

The FM QSMO added requirements from the Cyber (CYB), Electronic Records Management (ERM), and IT FIBF standards, and created the FM Solution/Service Evaluation Criteria as an extension to the FFM FIBF standards. The combination of the FFM FIBF standards, non-FFM FIBF standards, and the extensions to the FFM FIBF resulted in the FMCF.





# CYB, ERM, ITS Functions, Activities, and Business Capabilities





### What are the CYB, ERM, ITS Functions, Activities, and Business Capabilities?

- The CYB, ERM, and ITS artifacts establish expectations for FM solutions and services in the Marketplace.
- These include the functions, activities, and capabilities from federal cybersecurity, ITS, and ERM which must be incorporated into FM solutions and services.

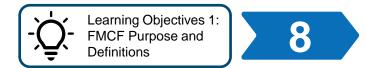


### How should I use the CYB, ERM, ITS Functions, Activities, and Business Capabilities?

- Core FS Providers must ensure that their technology offerings adhere to the IT capabilities described in the CYB, ERM, ITS Functions, Activities, and Business Capabilities artifacts.
- The CYB, ERM, ITS Functions, Activities, and Business Capabilities are listed on ussm.gov.



## FM Solution/Service Evaluation Criteria





### What are the FM Solution/Service Evaluation Criteria?

- The FM Solution/Service Evaluation Criteria are used by the FM QSMO when evaluating potential offerings for the FM QSMO Marketplace and during Federal Agency Acquisition. This includes business, technology design, and technology operation criteria for evaluating FM solutions/services and programmatic, economic, and organizational criteria for evaluating the providers of FM solutions/services. The purpose of each evaluation criteria is as follows:
  - Business evaluates the ability to achieve FM business outputs and outcomes using the FM solution/service; also evaluates conformance with FMCF business standards and requirements and usability of an FM solution.
  - Technology Design evaluates the FM solution/service technical architecture and design for servicing customers; also evaluates conformance with FMCF technical requirements and capabilities.
  - Technology Operation evaluate the FM solutions/service's ability to respond to user demand and changes needed in the FM solution/service; also evaluates conformance with FMCF operational requirements and capabilities
  - Programmatic evaluates a provider's strategy and management of FM solution/service offerings and delivery.
  - Organizational evaluates a provider's organizational ability to deliver quality FM solutions/services and ensure customer satisfaction.



### How should I use the FM Solution/Service Evaluation Criteria?

• FM QSMO Marketplace offerors will be required to demonstrate evidence of their ability to determine if each criteria constraint has been met, based on the evaluation criteria, indicators, and specifications/standard references provided.





## FM Solution/Service Evaluation Criteria Example



The images and call out boxes below describe each part of the FM Solution/Service Evaluation Criteria.

A factor used to determine whether an FM solution/service or provider sufficiently meets the Government's needs and constraints

The name of a group of evaluation indicators

indication of whether an FM solution/service or provider meets the Government's needs and constraints

An observable

The level and time at which the criteria and indicator should be evaluated

Name or title of the documentation that provides more detailed information on the Government's needs or constraints

Contains a description of the type of evidence that would enable the Government to determine if its needs or constraints have been met for FM solutions/services and providers with offerings under any of the FM QSMO Marketplace Categories

	<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>		
Evaluation Criteria	Indicator Category	Indicator	Evaluation Level(s) / Timeframe(s)	Specification(s) / Reference(s)	All FM QSMO Marketplace Categories (when offering incudes technology)		
TD2: Resiliency - Extent to which the solution/service prevents, mitigates, and recovers from failures.	TD2.A: Monitoring and Preventing Failures	TD2.A1: The solution/service is monitored including impacts to business operations and implements strategies to avoid and recover from common failures.	QSMO - Marketplace Entry; QSMO - Periodic Review; Customer - Order	ITS Business Capabilities: ITS.340.020.021 ITS.340.030.011	Documentation of solution/service monitoring capabilities and how they ensure verification of performance against reliability measures.		
TD2.B: Restoration Afte Critical Failure		TD2.B2: The solution/service protects data and quickly recovers from critical failures to prevent disruption to business operations.	QSMO - Periodic Review; Customer - Order	ITS Business Capabilities: ITS.340.030.021 ITS.340.080.011 ITS.340.080.021 ITS.340.080.031	Documentation the solution/service can perform a fast recovery from a complete solution/service failure including backup and COOP capabilities according to standards in NIST SP 800-34.		



## **Additional Considerations**





Core FS Baseline Solution providers are expected to maintain a version of the Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports as specified in this document. Core FS Solution Providers may add additional fields, but the fields listed in this document are the minimum required for acceptance.



As updates are made to the FMCF (e.g., new specifications for Core FS Pre-Built Business Reports), Core FS providers are expected to incorporate the new specifications into their Core FS Baseline Solution.

The FM QSMO will continue to collaborate with agencies and industry partners on changes to the FMCF.



Other relevant FM QSMO resources:

- Guide to the FM QSMO Marketplace: This document explains the scope of the Marketplace and how the FMCF will be used.
- FM Solution/Service Definition Template:
   This template is used to document provider offerings in the Marketplace, using the FIBF FFM Functions and Activities and Federal Service Delivery Layers and Resources.
   These are used when evaluating FM solutions/service offerings and to populate the FM QSMO Marketplace Service Catalog.



## FM Solution/Service Definition Template



### What is the FM Solution/Service Definition Template?

- The FM Solution/Service Definition Template is used to document provider offerings in the Marketplace, using the FIBF FFM Functions and Activities and Federal Service Delivery Layers and Resources.
- The FM Solution/Service Definition Template helps to define a Vendor's "Service Package". Service Packages are
  the specific combination of Service Delivery Layers/Types (Asset View) and FIBF FM Functions and Activities
  (Business View) that make up each service/solution in the Marketplace.
- Service Packages define what a service/solution does and how it is delivered.
- Service Packages reflect the reality that agencies may have different needs and vendors may have different approaches to addressing those needs.
- The FM QSMO will use the FM Solution/Service Definition Template to determine the subset of the FM Solution/Service Evaluation Criteria and FM Provider Service Measures that apply to a specific FM solution/service.



### How should I use the FM Solution/Service Definition Template?

 Vendors will complete the FM Solution/Service Definition Template for each of their offerings as part of the submission package to the FM QSMO SIN (SIN 518210FM).





## FM Solution/Service Definition Template Example

The images and call out boxes below describe each part of the FM Solution/Service Definition Template.

**Provider Name:** ABC Company Provides the name of the provider of the FM solution/service Core FS Identifies the FM QSMO Marketplace Category FM QSMO applicable to the provider's FM solution/service: Core Marketplace FS, Additional FM Solutions, FM Technology Operations Support Services, FM Solution/Service Category: Adoption and Transition Services" FM Core FS Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) Provides the name of the FM solution/service offering. The term "package" is used because a Solution/Service single provider may offer multiple variations of their FM solution/service offering (e.g., Core FS using Package Name: commercial laaS subservices and Core FS using classified government cloud laaS subservices) FΜ ABC Core FS SaaS provides capabilities that enable customers to perform all FIBF FFM Functions, is fully Short description of the FM solution/service offering, Solution/Service including the general scope and the intended use by Package Short compliant with Core FS Baseline Solution standards, the Service Customer and provides a full set of technical and operational **Description:** support services, including Tier 1 service desk support.





## FM Solution/Service Definition Template Example – Business View

The Business View, or service user view, uses the FIBF FM Functions and Activities to show customers the scope of FM activities covered by each package. The following example represents a Business Intelligence Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) offering. Label descriptions are on the next slide.

FM Solution/Service - Business View		3
FFM Function: Activity	Indicator	Additional Explanation
<u> </u>	N/A	
Budget Execution: Fund Allocation and Control	N/A	
	INCL	Budgetary analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements are included
Financial Asset Information Management: Financial	EXCL/O	Financial asset analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements can be developed for an additional cost
Asset Information Reporting		
Payable Management: Payment Reporting	INCL	Payment and improper payment analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements are included
Revenue Management: Revenue Processing	N/A	
Revenue Management: Revenue Reporting	EXCL/O	Revenue analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements can be developed for an additional cost
Receivable and Collection Management: Public	INCL	Public receivable and collection analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements are included
Receivable and Collection Reporting		
Delinquent Debt Management: Delinquent Debt	INCL	Delinquent debt analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements are included
Reporting		
Cost Management: Cost Management Setup and	N/A	
Maintenance		
Cost Management: Cost Accumulation and Allocation	N/A	
Cost Management: Cost Reporting	EXCL/O	Cost analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements can be developed for an additional cost
Financial / Performance Reporting: Treasury	N/A	
Reporting		
Financial / Performance Reporting: Financial	N/A	See Financial Performance and Operational Reporting
Statement Preparation		
Financial / Performance Reporting: Cash Forecasting	EXCL/O	Cash forecasting analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements can be developed for an additional cost
and Reporting		
Financial / Performance Reporting: Financial	EXCL/O	Financial performance and operations analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements can be developed for an
Performance and Operational Reporting		additional cost
Financial / Performance Reporting: Internal	EXCL/O	Audit analytics templates based on FFM Standard Data Elements can be developed for an additional cost
Control/Compliance Reviews		



# FM Solution/Service Definition Template Example – Business View (cont.)

- **FFM Function and Activity:** For each FFM Function/Activity listed, the associated Indicator identifies whether the component is included in (enabled or performed) or excluded from the FM solution/service package. This is referred to as the "Business View" of the FM solution/service package being offered.
- **Indicator**: N/A = N one of the components are applicable to delivering the service or using the solution.
  - INCL = All applicable components are included in delivering the service or using the solution
  - EXCL/R\* = Components are not included in solution/service offering, but are required when delivering the service or using the solution
  - EXCL/O\* = Components are not included in solution/service offering, but can be optional when delivering the service or using the solution
  - PRTL/NA\* = Some components are not included in solution/service offering because they are not applicable when delivering the service or using the solution
  - PRTL/R\* = Some components are not included in solution/service offering, but are required when delivering the service or using the solution
  - PRTL/O\* = Some components are not included in solution/service offering, but can be optional when delivering the service or using the solution
  - \* = Explanation required e.g., the specific components or resources excluded and/or to be provided by Service Customer (e.g., GFE)
- **Additional Explanation**: This field provides a further explanation of what is included or excluded in an FM solution/service package and expectations of assets to be provided by Service Customers.



## FM Solution/Service Definition Template Example – Asset View

The Asset View, or service buyer view, defines what is included in each service package based on the service delivery asset framework. The following example represents a Core FS SaaS solution. Label descriptions are on the next slide.

FM Solution/Service - Asset View				2								
Service Delivery Resource			Techi	noiogy				Work	force	Adv	isory	
Cost Pool Service Delivery Layer and Tower: Sub-Tower		Telecom-Network	Hardware	Software	Internal Services	Outside Services	Other	Internal Labor	External Labor	Internal Labor	External Labor	Additional Explanation 4
SL3: Software Management												
Platform: Middleware		N/A		N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A		INCL	Outside (sub) services include xxxxxx PaaS
Application: Application Development	N/A	N/A		3	N/A			INCL	INCL		N/A	Outside (sub) services include xxxxxx PaaS; Agency- specific extensions/enhancements can be provided for additional cost
Application: Application Support	N/A	N/A	N/A	INCL	TN/A	INCL	N/A	INCL	INCL	N/A	N/A	Outside (sub) services include xxxxxx PaaS; Includes providing Tier 2 service desk support for Core FS Baseline Solution; Service desk support for agency-specific extensions/enhancements can be provided for additional cost
End User: End User Software	N/A	N/A	N/A	PRTL/R	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Provided for Service Provider staff only; Service Customer to provide end user software and configuration required for their staff to access Core FS SaaS (e.g., browser, security application).
SL5: Business Application Support												
Application: Application Operations	N/A	N/A	N/A	INCL	N/A	INCL	N/A	INCL	INCL	N/A	INCL	Outside (sub) services include xxxxxx PaaS; Outside (sub) services include e-learning PaaS; Includes providing Core FS Baseline Solution operations and training; Operations and training for agency-specific extensions/enhancements can be provided for an additional cost
End User: IT Help Desk	N/A	N/A	N/A	INCL	N/A	INCL	N/A	INCL	INCL	N/A	N/A	Outside (sub) services include xxxxxx PaaS; Includes providing Tier 1 service desk support for Core FS Baseline Solution; Service desk support for agency-specific extensions/enhancements can be provided for additional cost
End User: Deskside Support	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	



# FM Solution/Service Definition Template Example – Asset View (cont.)

- 1. Service Delivery Layer and Tower and Sub Tower: For each Sub Tower within a Tower within a Service Delivery Layer, the associated Indicator identifies whether the component is included in or excluded from the FM solution/service package. This is referred to as the "Asset View" of the FM solution/service package being offered. Note that indication of inclusion/exclusion does not imply the requirement to report costs at this level of detail.
- 2. Service Delivery Resource and Cost Pool: For each Cost Pool within a Service Delivery Resource category, the associated Indicator identifies whether the component is included in or excluded from the FM solution/service package. This is also part of the "Asset View" of the FM solution/service package being offered. Note that "external labor" and "outside service" refer to sub-contractors or sub-services the Service Provider manages and integrates into the FM solution/service offering or to which the Service Provider needs access. Note that indication of inclusion/exclusion does not imply the requirement to report costs at this level of detail.
- 3. Indicator: N/A = None of the components are applicable to delivering the service or using the solution.

  INCL = All applicable components are included in delivering the service or using the solution
  - EXCL/R\* = Components are not included in solution/service offering, but are required when delivering the service or using the solution EXCL/O\* = Components are not included in solution/service offering, but can be optional when delivering the service or using the solution PRTL/NA\* = Some components are not included in solution/service offering because they are not applicable when delivering the service or using the solution
  - PRTL/R\* = Some components are not included in solution/service offering, but are required when delivering the service or using the solution PRTL/O\* = Some components are not included in solution/service offering, but can be optional when delivering the service or using the solution
  - \* = Explanation required e.g., the specific components or resources excluded and/or to be provided by Service Customer (e.g., GFE)
- **4. Additional Explanation**: This field provides a further explanation of what is included or excluded in an FM solution/service package and expectations of assets to be provided by Service Customers.





# FM Solution/Service Definition Template Example – Service Provider and Service Customer Key Responsibilities

These fields provide a list of key responsibilities of the Service Provider delivering and the Service Customer using the FM solution/service package, organized by Information Technology Infrastructure Library (ITIL) Practice.

- The intent of this section is to highlight responsibilities that are crucial to the effective use of and/or customer satisfaction with the FM solution/service.
- Enter the Service Provider and Service Customer key responsibilities for the identifiers listed. Use "N/A" when key responsibilities are not defined for the Service Provider or Service Customer within an ITIL Practice.
- Add responsibilities where there are more than one set of Service Provider/Service Customer key responsibilities for an ITIL Practice.
- If there are Service Customer key responsibilities defined for an ITIL Practice, then Service Provider key responsibilities must also be defined to clarify the distinction between Service Customer and Service Provider responsibilities.

ITIL Practice Area and Practice	Service Provider (SP) Key Responsibilities	Service Customer (SC) Key Responsibilities			
General Management (GM)					
Architecture Management (AM)	N/A	N/A			
Continual Improvement (CI)	GM-CI.SP.01 Execute and maintain a continuous service improvement process to identify opportunities for improvement and to measure the impact of improvement efforts.	GM-CI.SC.01 Review and provide feedback on Service Provider continuous service improvement activities.			
Information Security Management (IS)	GM-IS.SP.01 Appoint information systems security officers (ISSO).	GM-IS.SC.01 Appoint Information Security SME, Access Control Officers and Data Officers or individuals accountable for these responsibilities.			
Knowledge Management (KM)	N/A	N/A			
Measurement and Reporting (MR)	GM-MR.SP.01 Collect and monitor the FM Provider Service Measures applicable to the FM solution/service.	GM-MR.SC.01 Monitor the FM Provider Service Measures applicable to the FM solution/service where the Performing Organization is designated as "Service Customer".			
	GM-MR.SP.02 Periodically report and review with the Service Customer the FM Provider Service Measures applicable to the FM solution/service and designated as "Customer Facing" or "Oversight Reporting".	GM-MR.SC.02 Periodically review with the Service Provider the FM Provider Service Measures applicable to the FM solution/service and designated as "Customer Facing" or "Oversight Reporting".			
Organizational Change Management (OC)	N/A	N/A			
Portfolio Management (PT)	N/A	N/A			
Project Management (PM)	N/A	N/A			
Relationship Management (RL)	GM-RL.SP.01 Notify the Service Customer of any changes to the points of contact within one government workday.	GM-RL.SC.01 Notify the Service Provider of any changes to the points of contact within one government workday			



# Key Takeaways



## **Key Takeaways**

1

The FMCF is the set of standards and capabilities that define baseline needs for services and solutions in the FM QSMO Marketplace, including cloud-based core financial systems (Core FS). More information can be found on the <u>Financial Management Capability Framework</u> website. (Learning Objective 1: FMCF Purpose)

2

Vendors and offerings are required to adhere to the FMCF. (Learning Objective 2: Design Solutions)



## Thank You



Email the FM QSMO at FMQSMO@fiscal.treasury.gov



Visit us at www.fiscal.treasury.gov/fmqsmo



# Appendix



## Glossary

Readers can find a glossary of terms referenced in the FM QSMO FMCF 101 Training within the <u>Guide to the FM QSMO Marketplace</u>.

