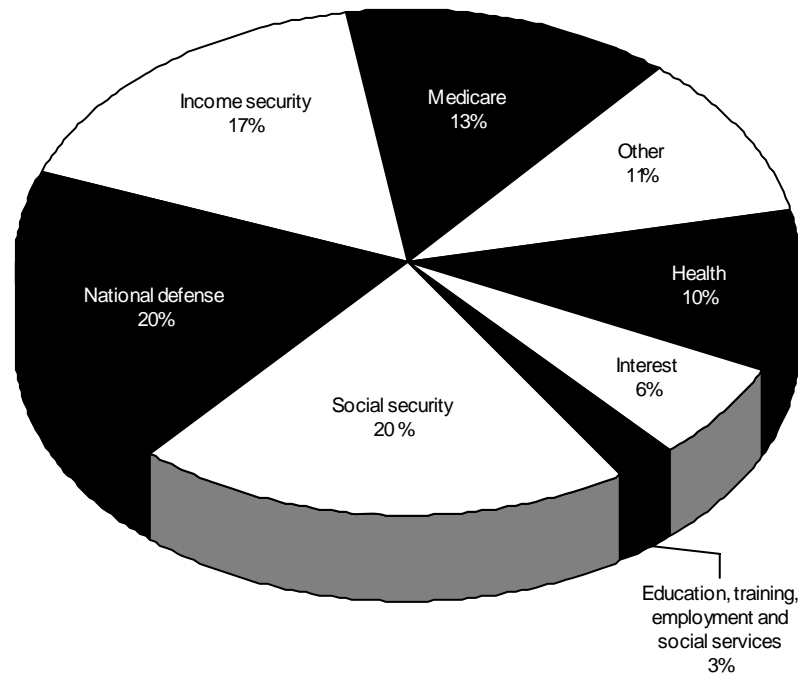


## OUTLAYS BY FUNCTION

Outlays occur when the Government pays its obligations, whether with cash, check or electronic funds transfer. Total outlays were \$3,598.1 billion in fiscal 2011, an increase of \$142.2 billion or 4.1 percent above the amount from fiscal 2010. The text below shows how outlays were divided in fiscal 2011. The seven largest categories of outlays are detailed below. These seven categories correspond directly to the Government's functional classification system.

The functional classification system groups Government activities—budget authority and outlays, loan guarantees and tax expenditures—into categories that reflect the national need addressed by each transaction. The system identifies 17 broad categories that address national needs. This provides a coherent and comprehensive basis for analyzing and understanding the budget. Two additional categories—interest and undistributed offsetting receipts—do not address specific national needs but are included to cover the entire budget. Under the functional classification system, each outlay is assigned to a classification that best defines its most important purpose, even though the outlay may serve more than one purpose.



The table that follows shows fiscal 2011 and 2010 outlays for each functional classification. It also shows the amount and percentage change in outlay levels between these 2 fiscal years. Changes in outlays for the largest functional classifications are discussed briefly below.

- National defense**— This function includes those activities directly related to the defense and security of the United States. This amount encompasses Government spending for conventional forces, strategic forces, atomic energy defense activities and other defense related activities. National defense outlays for fiscal 2011 increased by \$14.7 billion to \$708.3 billion.
- Education, training, employment and social services**— These programs assist citizens in developing and learning skills to expand their potential opportunities and job placement possibilities. Outlays for this function were \$98.0 billion for fiscal 2011, a decrease of 23.1 percent or \$29.5 billion from fiscal 2010 outlays.
- Health**— The Federal Government helps meet the nation's health care needs by financing and providing health care services, aiding disease prevention, and supporting research and training. Outlays for this function were \$372.7 billion in fiscal 2011. This represents an increase of \$3.7 billion over the prior fiscal year.
- Medicare**— Through Medicare, the Federal Government contributes to the health and well being of aged and disabled Americans. Outlays for this function were \$485.7 billion in fiscal 2011. That is an increase of 7.5 percent or \$34 billion over fiscal 2010 outlays.
- Income security**— Income security benefits are paid to the aged, the disabled, the unemployed and low-income families. Included within this classification are programs such as general retirement and disability, public assistance and unemployment compensation. Outlays for these benefits were \$599.3 billion in fiscal 2011—a decrease of 3.8 percent or \$23.6 billion under the fiscal 2010 level.
- Social security**— Through social security, the Federal Government contributes to the income security of aged and disabled Americans. This function's outlays were \$730.8 billion for fiscal 2011. That represents an increase of 3.4 percent or \$24.1 billion over fiscal 2010 outlays.
- Interest**— This function includes interest paid by the Federal Government offset by interest collections from the public and interest received by Government trust funds. Net interest outlays are very sensitive to both interest rates and the amount of debt outstanding. Net interest outlays increased in fiscal 2011 to \$227.1 billion. This is a 15.7 percent or \$30.1 billion increase from the prior fiscal year.

## OUTLAYS BY FUNCTION

IN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS

	Fiscal 2011	Fiscal 2010		Amount change from 2010	Percent change
National defense .....	708,261	693,586	r	14,675	2.1
International affairs.....	45,685	45,195		490	1.1
General science, space, and technology.....	30,355	31,047	r	-692	-2.2
Energy.....	12,075	11,513	r	562	4.9
Natural resources and environment.....	43,299	43,662	r	-363	-0.8
Agriculture.....	22,582	21,356	r	1,226	5.7
Commerce and housing credit.....	-13,758	-82,920	r	69,162	83.4
Transportation.....	93,216	91,972	r	1,244	1.4
Community and regional development.....	24,863	23,804	r	1,059	4.5
Education, training, employment and social services.....	97,986	127,494	r	-29,508	-23.1
Health.....	372,667	369,012	r	3,655	1.0
Medicare.....	485,652	451,636		34,016	7.5
Income security.....	599,288	622,882	r	-23,594	-3.8
Social security.....	730,811	706,737	r	24,074	3.4
Veterans benefits and services.....	127,188	108,384		18,804	17.3
Administration of justice.....	56,701	53,436	r	3,265	6.1
General Government.....	20,658	23,019	r	-2,361	-10.3
Net interest.....	227,054	196,232	r	30,822	15.7
Undistributed offsetting receipts.....	-86,497	-82,116		-4,381	-5.3
<b>Total outlays.....</b>	<b>3,598,086</b>	<b>3,455,931</b>	<b>r</b>	<b>142,154</b>	<b>4.1</b>

Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

r = revised